

MINISTER'S FOREWORD



The ACT Government is

proud to develop the Dickson

and Lyneham wetlands and
help return the Sullivans
Creek Catchment to a

'living system'. Our experience with the David St,
O'Connor wetland and the recently constructed

Banksia St, O'Connor wetland has shown that

active community involvement greatly enhances
the wetlands.

The Dickson and Lyneham wetlands will

become an invaluable asset for the inner north
community. I hope you will take the opportunity

to get involved in planting and monitoring

the wetlands.

The Government looks forward to working

with the inner north community on these

important projects.

Simon Corbell

Minister for the Environment, Climate Change and Water

DICKSON AND LYNEHAM WETLANDS

The Hawdon St, Dickson and Goodwin St,

Lyneham wetlands are the two newest wetlands

planned for the Sullivans Creek Catchment. As

well as providing water quality improvements
and enhanced urban habitat, these water

bodies will supply stormwater to irrigate nearby
sportsgrounds and schools.

Both wetlands will experience fluctuating water

levels. Pond levels will be highest during and
after a storm event and at their lowest after

extended dry periods. The water bodies have

been designed to ensure sufficient water depths
will be maintained to allow plants and wildlife

to flourish and to ensure the wetland edges

remain attractive.

Studies have shown enhanced biodiversity is

achieved with well managed water level changes.

A number of trees will be removed prior to

construction. Large logs will be used to create

mulched and reused on site. At each site more

trees will be planted than are removed.
ARE WETLANDS SAFE FOR CHILDREN?

The sides of the wetland will be gently graded to
1 in 6 so there are no sudden level changes. Once

established, thick bands of macrophytes (aquatic

plants) will prevent children from accessing
the water.

WILL THERE BE AN INCREASE

IN MOSQUITOES?

Mosquito numbers will be controlled by grading

slopes to ensure no stagnant pockets of water

form, and by incorporating a wide variety of

plants and insect predators.

SULLIVANS CREEK CATCHMENT

wetlands for our suburbs



CONTACT US

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DEPARTMENT OF
THE ENVIRONMENT,
CLIMATE CHANGE,
ENERGY AND WATER

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PARTICIPATING IN PLANTING & CARING FOR WETLANDS

You have an opportunity to participate in
landscaping these wetlands. Just like our nature
reserves, a wetland needs a carer group. The
group's activities will include ongoing planting,
weeding, mulching, rubbish removal and water
quality monitoring. Opportunities also exist for
recording birds and frogs.

KEEN TO PARTICIPATE?

If you would like to participate in planting the
wetland or become a member of a care group
to look after the Banksia St, David St, Dickson
or Lyneham Wetlands, please contact the
Urban Waterways Coordinator.

SULLIVANS CREEK CATCHMENT WETLANDS



BANKSIA ST O'CONNOR

This is Canberra's first retrofitted urban wetland to incorporate an ephemeral section which dries out in summer. Ephemeral wetlands occur throughout southern Australia. These shallow areas are inundated after rainfall and dry out during hot weather. Spiky sedges, native grasses and broad leaf plants grow in ephemeral wetlands and adapt to both wet and dry conditions. Community planting of the wetland commenced in March 2010. Once plants become established the wetland will attract water birds, turtles, yabbies, water bugs and frogs.

DAVID ST O'CONNOR

The wetland at David St, located behind the O'Connor shops, was built in 2001. The wetland provides an attractive water feature for passive recreational activities. A diverse array of terrestrial and wetland birds have been recorded at David St, including Welcome Swallows. On a number of occasions pelicans and black swans have also been observed.



INNER NORTH WETLANDS MAP

Not to scale. Note: shape and size of wetlands indicative only.



WETLAND BENEFITS

- Restoration of concrete channels to living systems
- Improved water quality – reduction of excess nutrients and suspended solids
- Improved flood protection – by detaining water and releasing it slowly
- Creation of aquatic habitat – planted wetlands attract water birds, frogs, turtles, water bugs and yabbies
- Provide opportunities for 'natural' recreational experiences in our suburbs
- Provide the community with education and volunteer programs
- Harvested stormwater instead of drinking water is used for irrigation of local sportsgrounds and school grounds
- Increased values of surrounding properties

