



ACT Heritage Council

Entry to the ACT Heritage Register

Heritage Act 2004

20136. Aboriginal Places – Canberra Nature Park Fire Trails

Aranda Bushland, Gossan Hill nature reserve and O'Connor Ridge nature park

District of BELCONNEN

O'Connor Ridge, Black Mountain and Bruce Ridge nature parks

District of CANBERRA CENTRAL

Mulligans Flat nature reserve

District of GUNGAHLIN

Mount Ainslie, Majura and Mount Pleasant nature parks

District of MAJURA

Cooleman Ridge, Mount Taylor, Rob Roy Range and Tuggeranong Hill nature parks

District of TUGGERANONG

This entry which was previously part of the old heritage places or the old heritage objects registers (as defined in the ***Heritage Act 2004***), as the case may be, is taken to be registered under the ***Heritage Act 2004***.

Conservation Requirements (including Specific Requirements), as defined under the ***Heritage Act 2004***, that are contained within this document are taken to be Heritage Guidelines applying to this place or object, as the case may be.

Information restricted under ***the old heritage places register or old heritage objects register*** is restricted under the ***Heritage Act 2004***.

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ACT Heritage Council

**AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY
INTERIM HERITAGE PLACES REGISTER**

For the purposes of s. 68(2) of the *Land (Planning and Environment) Act* 1991, a listing for the following places has been prepared by the ACT Heritage Council, for the purpose of including:

Aboriginal Places in Canberra Nature Park Fire Trails, ACT (72) comprising:

- **Aboriginal Places in the District of Belconnen (8)**
- **Aboriginal Places in the District of Canberra Central (14)**
- **Aboriginal Places in the District of Gungahlin (1)**
- **Aboriginal Places in the District of Majura (17)**
- **Aboriginal Places in the District of Tuggeranong (32)**

In an interim Heritage Places Register.

Copies of the listing are available for inspection at ACT Public Libraries and at all ACT Government Shopfronts. For further information please contact:

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**Notifiable Instrument: NI 2004-320
Effective : 3 September 2004**

IDENTIFICATION OF THE PLACES

The places comprise 72 Aboriginal sites located within:

- Aranda Bushland, District of Belconnen (n=4)
- Gossan Hill Nature Park, District of Belconnen (n=2)
- O'Connor Ridge Nature Park, Districts of Belconnen and Canberra Central (n=3)
- Black Mountain Nature Park, District of Canberra Central (n=11)
- Bruce Ridge Nature Park, District of Canberra Central (n=2)
- Mulligans Flat Nature Park, District of Gungahlin (n=1)
- Mount Ainslie/Majura Nature Park, District of Majura (n=15)
- Mount Pleasant Nature Park, District of Majura (n=2)
- Cooleman Ridge Nature Park, District of Tuggeranong (n=2)
- Mount Taylor Nature Park, District of Tuggeranong (n=1)
- Rob Roy Range Nature Park, District of Tuggeranong (n=28)
- Tuggeranong Hill Nature Park, District of Tuggeranong (n=1)

The Canberra 1:10 000 scale Adjusted Grid Co-ordinate (CMG) locations for the places are held within a database of ACT site locations. The CMG grid co-ordinates are restricted information under s.82 of the *Land (Planning and Environment) Act 1991*.

FEATURES INTRINSIC TO THE HERITAGE SIGNIFICANCE OF THE PLACES

The places comprise locations where scatters of Aboriginal stone artefacts have been recorded (n=21), scatters of stone artefacts with associated potential archaeological deposits (n=31), isolated stone artefacts (n=18), potential archaeological deposits (n=2) and their individually specified site buffer zones (as described in Schedule 2).

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The ACT Aboriginal community considers all archaeological evidence of the past occupation of the ACT by Aboriginal people to be significant. Aboriginal places have the capacity to demonstrate and provide information about ways in which Aboriginal people lived in the past. These places are part of a regional body of evidence that has potential to reveal information about patterns of past Aboriginal land-use and settlement. Details of the site locations and descriptive information about them builds upon and complements the considerable body of archaeological research that exists for the Canberra region.

These places are all part of the physical evidence of a traditional way of life that is no longer practised within the ACT. The presence of artefact scatters in these localities demonstrates past occupation and use of these places by Aboriginal people. Stone was an extremely important element of Aboriginal culture, essential to their day-to-day living. Stone artefacts thus constitute an enduring record of Aboriginal technology and settlement patterns. The individual artefacts at the sites also have significance due to their potential to contribute to research about Aboriginal stone technology.

Areas of identified archaeological potential are considered to be significant cultural resources because of their potential to contain buried evidence of past Aboriginal occupation, likely to be intact and in better condition than other surface exposed sites.

CONSERVATION POLICY AND SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS

The Heritage Council promotes a *general conservation policy* for all Aboriginal heritage sites. This policy states that Aboriginal sites are to be conserved appropriately in accordance with their individual heritage significance, taking into account their Aboriginal and archaeological heritage values. Aboriginal sites and their components form an integral part of the landscape. The spatial relationships between sites, as well as their geographic relationship to land, constitute significant information with potential to inform about past cultural practices. The maintenance of records about sites and their geographic location is essential for the conservation of this information. Areas that have potential to contain Aboriginal heritage sites, including areas in which archaeological survey has not yet been undertaken, are to be managed in a way that permits the identification, significance assessment and conservation, where appropriate, of the Aboriginal cultural heritage resource.

In addition to the general conservation policy, the Heritage Council has developed a series of *specific requirements* to provide direction for conservation of the heritage significance of Aboriginal heritage sites. The specific requirements have been prepared to implement conservation policies and objectives developed for the places.

The specific requirements for conservation of Aboriginal heritage places are set out in Schedule 1. This is preceded by general information about the different types of Aboriginal heritage places that can occur and their conservation objectives.

Artefact Scatters

Artefact scatters constitute identifiably dense occurrences of stone artefacts and represent geographic foci of Aboriginal occupation related to a range of activities. Scatters may form as a result of single intensive occupation events or build up over hundreds or thousands of years due to repeated use or occupation of an area. The current appearance and structure of an artefact scatter site will depend upon the impact of events, termed *formation processes*, that have affected the artefacts during and after their deposition. Formation processes include both natural and cultural factors such as soil erosion and deposition, other natural disturbances, reuse of places by Aboriginal people and later European land-use practices. The heritage values of artefact scatters are based upon their Aboriginal and archaeological significance.

All artefact scatters are considered to be significant by the Aboriginal community. Aboriginal people generally express the desire for all such sites to be left *in situ* wherever feasible. Their significance to Aboriginal people is primarily based on their provision of evidence of the occupation of land by their ancestors. Artefact scatters thus comprise a demonstrable link to place for contemporary Aboriginal people.

The archaeological significance of artefact scatters stems both from their physical representation of past cultural practices and for their potential to yield information through research that will increase our understanding of the past. The potential research value accorded to sites depends in turn on a range of factors including the individual quality and quantity of artefactual content, the condition and integrity of the site structure, whether the artefacts occur *in situ* within cultural deposit, and whether original relationships between artefacts are likely to be discernible and meaningful.

The significance of artefact scatters may be thus ranked from low to high according to their value to Aboriginal people, their archaeological value and their condition and integrity. **Their significance to Aboriginal people may not necessarily, however, relate to or accord with archaeological significance assessments.** The criteria for ranking artefact scatters into either low, medium or high categories of significance and their associated conservation objectives are detailed as follows:

- **Artefact scatters of Low Conservation Value**

Artefact scatters identified as having low conservation value are those sites with very few artefacts, with artefacts of a common type, with no associated cultural deposit and/or sites that have already been highly disturbed and where there is negligible potential for them to provide further information. Such sites may either be conserved *in situ* or be the subject of a program of archaeological investigation and salvage as recommended by the Heritage Council, after consultation with the relevant Aboriginal organisations.

Generally, the conservation objective for this site type is to record and retain where feasible, otherwise salvage.

- **Artefact scatters of Medium Conservation Value**

Artefact scatters identified as having medium conservation value include sites with high artefact numbers and/or density and/or with identified or potential associated deposit. They are also sites of common type and character. Sites of medium conservation value may either be conserved *in situ* or be the subject of a program of archaeological investigation and salvage. The investigation and salvage may include collection of artefacts, subsurface testing, excavation or other investigative techniques as recommended by the Heritage Council, after consultation with the relevant Aboriginal organisations.

Generally, the conservation objective for this site type is to record and retain where feasible, investigate further and/or salvage.

- **Artefact scatters of High Conservation Value**

Artefact scatters identified as having high conservation value include sites with high artefact numbers and/or density, with rare, or representative artefacts, and/or with identified or potential associated deposit. They may also be sites of good preservation and condition where the original site structure and contents have survived. Sites of high conservation value are to be conserved *in situ* in an appropriate setting, where feasible. However site investigations for the purposes of improving their conservation or research may be permitted, provided that the relevant Aboriginal organisations have been consulted about any proposed works and agree to their occurrence.

The identification of appropriate conservation actions may require preparation of a Conservation and Management Plan. Actions that propose impact upon their identified heritage values will be considered on a case by case basis by the Heritage Council in consultation with the relevant Aboriginal organisations, and with reference to the applicable Conservation and Management Plan or Research Plan, if prepared.

Generally, the conservation objective for this site type is to record, retain and actively conserve.

Potential Archaeological Deposits

Areas of potential Aboriginal Heritage sensitivity or potential archaeological deposits (PADs) are generally areas defined in the course of professional field or predictive archaeological assessment. They include areas where sites or artefacts are identified as likely to occur, but where ground visibility precludes site or artefact detection or where field survey has not been undertaken. Knowledge of regional and/or local patterns of site occurrence and site formation processes is generally prerequisite for the identification of areas of archaeological potential. Further investigation of areas of archaeological potential may be required prior to or during development. Such further investigation may include sub-surface testing, monitoring or excavation. The significance of such areas will ultimately depend on the outcome of the further investigations.

Generally, the conservation objective of this site type is to investigate, assess, record and retain if deemed appropriate.

Schedule 1: Specific Requirements for the Conservation of Aboriginal Heritage Places

- 1** Information regarding the description and specific location of the place shall be held in a database of ACT Aboriginal heritage sites.
- 2** Actions that would affect the conservation of the heritage significance of the place require the agreement of the Heritage Council in consultation with the Relevant Aboriginal organisations.
- 3** Works that improve or benefit the conservation of the heritage significance of the place are permitted. Proponents of such works shall advise the Heritage Council and consult with the relevant Aboriginal organisations about the proposal. The agreement of the Heritage Council must be obtained prior to works being undertaken.
- 4a** The land manager shall be aware that the presence of an Aboriginal heritage site(s) within a development area may impose constraint upon the development. The nature of the constraint will vary according to the assessed significance of the site(s) and the potential heritage impact of the development. For *artefact scatters* assessed as being of *low conservation value* (LCV) the development constraint may range from nil constraint to a requirement to undertake further survey or investigation of a place, further recording of a place and/or collection of artefacts or other cultural materials.
- 4b** The land manager shall be aware that the presence of an Aboriginal heritage site(s) within a development area may impose constraint upon the development. The nature of the constraint will vary according to the assessed significance of the site(s) and the potential heritage impact of the development. For *artefact scatters* assessed as being of *medium conservation value* (MCV) the development constraint may range from nil constraint to a requirement to undertake further survey or investigation of all or part of the place, further recording of a place and/or collection of artefacts or other cultural materials, subsurface testing, monitoring during development or salvage excavation, or a requirement to conserve a representative part of the site whilst carrying out further works on the remainder.
- 4c** The land manager shall be aware that the presence of an Aboriginal heritage site(s) within a development area may impose constraint upon the development. The nature of the constraint will vary according to the assessed significance of the site(s) and the potential heritage impact of the development. For *artefact scatters, Aboriginal stone arrangements or rockshelters* assessed as being of *high conservation value* (HCV) the development constraint may range from nil constraint to a requirement to undertake investigation of a place, prepare and/or implement a Conservation and Management Plan for the place, to an inability to undertake part or all of the development within the affected area(s).
- 4d** Areas of potential archaeological deposits shall be further investigated to assess their Aboriginal and archaeological significance prior to their development. The land manager shall be aware that the presence of a PAD within a development area may impose constraint upon the development. For these areas the development constraint will occur in two stages. Initially the constraint may range from nil constraint to a requirement to undertake further investigative work such as additional field survey and/or subsurface testing. Any subsequent constraint will vary according to the assessed significance of any Aboriginal cultural heritage materials located within the area and the potential heritage impact of the development.
- 5** The ACT Heritage Council shall advise the proponent of the degree of constraint, based upon the nature of the development and its potential heritage impact and the significance assessment of the site(s), and in consultation with the relevant Aboriginal organisations.
- 6a** Artefacts (including scarred trees) and/or any other identified significant fabric or components of the site shall not be removed, damaged, altered or disturbed without the prior agreement of the Heritage Council, and consultation with the relevant Aboriginal organisations.
- 6b** Should further investigation determine that Aboriginal archaeological materials are present in a PAD then records about the place shall be updated, and the Heritage Council shall be consulted about the appropriate management of the place. In providing such advice the Heritage Council shall consult with the relevant Aboriginal organisations.

- 7** Any further investigation of sites and/or collection of artefacts and/or salvage of site fabric or other cultural materials agreed to by the Heritage Council shall be undertaken by a qualified archaeologist in consultation with the relevant Aboriginal organisations, in accordance with a proposed methodology provided to and endorsed by the Heritage Council.
 - 8** Salvaged or collected materials shall be archived by the Heritage Unit, pending establishment of an appropriate storage facility.
 - 9** If the Heritage Council advises collection or salvage then, following completion of salvage works as advised by the Heritage Council only Specific Requirement No. 1 shall apply to the identified place.
 - 10** The place may not be promoted for public use, interpretation or visitation without approval from the Heritage Council in consultation with the relevant Aboriginal groups. Any proposed educational and presentational uses of the place shall be considered by the ACT Heritage Council and relevant Aboriginal organisations on the basis of whether sufficient information is provided about their impacts and potential impacts upon the place.
 - 11** Any proposed research that may potentially impact upon the heritage significance of the place shall be conducted in accordance with a research proposal which provides for consultation with the relevant Aboriginal organisations and which is endorsed by the Heritage Council.
 - 12** Prior to the approval of any proposed development that may potentially impact upon the heritage significance of the place the proponent shall prepare a Conservation and Management Plan for the place. The plan must be provided to the Heritage Council for endorsement. Prior to giving such endorsement the Heritage Council will consult the relevant Aboriginal groups about the management of the site. Any subsequent development of the place shall then be undertaken in accordance with the endorsed plan, unless the Heritage Council advises the proponent otherwise.
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Schedule 2: List of Aboriginal heritage places

GENERAL SITE DESCRIPTION	LOCATION	SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS (refer Schedule 1)
<p>CRFT 1 An isolated stone artefact located on the low gradient upper slope/crest of a spur at the southern base of the ridgeline between two drainage depressions. An associated potential archaeological deposit is to the north and south off trail along the spur crest.</p> <p>Recorded – P. Saunders 2004</p>	<p>Block 433 District Tuggeranong</p>	<p>Artefact scatter of LCV and PAD:</p> <p>1 2 3 4a 4d 5 6a 6b 7 8 9</p>
<p>CRFT 2 An isolated stone artefact located on an old farm track/fire trail in a saddle below the western slopes of Mt. Arawang.</p> <p>Recorded – P. Saunders 2004</p>	<p>Block 1598 District Tuggeranong</p>	<p>Artefact scatter of LCV:</p> <p>1 2 3 4a 5 6a 7 8 9</p>

<p>THFT 1 A low density open scatter of at least two stone artefacts and potential archaeological deposit located on a fire trail.</p> <p>Recorded – P. Saunders 2003</p>	<p>Block 8 District Tuggeranong</p>	<p>Artefact scatter of MCV and PAD: 1 2 3 4b 4d 5 6a 6b 7 8 9 10 11</p>
<p>MAFT 1 A low density open scatter of at least three stone artefacts located on a fire trail.</p> <p>Recorded – P. Saunders 2004</p>	<p>Block 688 District Majura</p>	<p>Artefact scatter of MCV: 1 2 3 4b 5 6a 7 8 9 10 11</p>
<p>MAFT 2 An isolated stone artefact located on a small rise between two drainage lines.</p> <p>Recorded – P. Saunders 2004</p>	<p>Block 688 District Majura</p>	<p>Artefact scatter of LCV: 1 2 3 4a 5 6a 7 8 9</p>
<p>MAFT 3 An isolated stone artefact located near the junction of two tracks.</p> <p>Recorded – P. Saunders 2004</p>	<p>Block 540 District Majura</p>	<p>Artefact scatter of LCV: 1 2 3 4a 5 6a 7 8 9</p>

<p>MAFT 4 An isolated stone artefact located near the junction of two trails.</p> <p>Recorded – P. Saunders 2004</p>	<p>Block 688 District Majura</p>	<p>Artefact scatter of LCV:</p> <p>1 2 3 4a 5 6a 7 8 9</p>
<p>MAFT 5 A low density open scatter of at least three stone artefacts located at the junction of two trails and a potential archaeological deposit extending off trail.</p> <p>Recorded – P. Saunders 2004</p>	<p>Block 688 District Majura</p>	<p>Artefact scatter of MCV and PAD:</p> <p>1 2 3 4b 4d 5 6a 6b 7 8 9 10 11</p>
<p>MAFT 6 An open scatter of at least twelve stone artefacts and potential archaeological deposit located on a walking and cycling track.</p> <p>Recorded – P. Saunders 2004</p>	<p>Block 688 District Majura</p>	<p>Artefact scatter of MCV and PAD:</p> <p>1 2 3 4b 4d 5 6a 6b 7 8 9 10 11</p>

<p>MAFT 7 An isolated stone artefact located on the lower eastern slopes of Mt Ainslie.</p> <p>Recorded – P. Saunders 2004</p>	<p>Block 688 District Majura</p>	<p>Artefact scatter of LCV: 1 2 3 4a 5 6a 7 8 9</p>
<p>MAFT 8 An isolated stone artefact located on a trail.</p> <p>Recorded – P. Saunders 2004</p>	<p>Block 688 District Majura</p>	<p>Artefact scatter of LCV: 1 2 3 4a 5 6a 7 8 9</p>
<p>MAFT 9 An isolated stone artefact located above a junction with a fire trail.</p> <p>Recorded – P. Saunders 2004</p>	<p>Block 688 District Majura</p>	<p>Artefact scatter of LCV: 1 2 3 4a 5 6a 7 8 9</p>
<p>MAFT 10 An isolated stone artefact located on an eroded cutting on a bend in a trail.</p> <p>Recorded – P. Saunders 2004</p>	<p>Block 2 District Majura</p>	<p>Artefact scatter of LCV: 1 2 3 4a 5 6a 7 8 9</p>
<p>MAFT 11 An isolated stone artefact located on a fire trail on a junction with an unformed track.</p> <p>Recorded – P. Saunders 2004</p>	<p>Block 2 District Majura</p>	<p>Artefact scatter of LCV: 1 2 3 4a 5 6a 7 8 9</p>

<p>MAFT 12 An open scatter of at least seven stone artefacts with a potential archaeological deposit located on and adjacent to a side cut and section of fire trail.</p> <p>Recorded – P. Saunders 2004</p>	<p>Block 619 District Majura</p>	<p>Artefact scatter of MCV and PAD: 1 2 3 4b 4d 5 6a 6b 7 8 9 10 11</p>
<p>MAFT 13 An open scatter of at least six stone artefacts with a potential archaeological deposit located at the intersection of two trails.</p> <p>Recorded – P. Saunders 2004</p>	<p>Block 619 District Majura</p>	<p>Artefact scatter of MCV and PAD: 1 2 3 4b 4d 5 6a 6b 7 8 9 10 11</p>
<p>MAFT 14 An open scatter of at least two stone artefacts with a potential archaeological deposit located on a graded trail.</p> <p>Recorded – P. Saunders 2004</p>	<p>Block 619 District Majura</p>	<p>Artefact scatter of MCV and PAD: 1 2 3 4b 4d 5 6a 6b 7 8 9 10 11</p>

<p>MAFT 15 An isolated stone artefact with a potential archaeological deposit located on the crest of a rise on the western slopes of Mt. Ainslie.</p> <p>Recorded – P. Saunders 2004</p>	<p>Block 619 District Majura</p>	<p>Artefact scatter of LCV and PAD: 1 2 3 4a 4d 5 6a 6b 7 8 9</p>
<p>MFFT 1 An isolated stone artefact and potential archaeological deposit located along the route of the old Ginninderra to Bungendore Coach Road.</p> <p>Recorded – P. Saunders 2004</p>	<p>Block 737 District Gungahlin</p>	<p>Artefact scatter of LCV and PAD: 1 2 3 4a 4d 5 6a 6b 7 8 9</p>
<p>GH IF1 An isolated stone artefact located on a gentle slope on top of a hill in a well-cleared space.</p> <p>Recorded – AASC 2004</p>	<p>Block 19 District Belconnen</p>	<p>Artefact scatter of LCV: 1 2 3 4a 5 6a 7 8 9</p>
<p>GH PAD1 A potential archaeological deposit located west from a fire trail.</p> <p>Recorded – AASC 2004</p>	<p>Block 19 District Belconnen</p>	<p>PAD: 1 2 3 4d 5 6a 6b 7 8 9 10 11</p>

<p>MP AS1/PAD An open scatter with at least ten stone artefacts and potential archaeological deposit located on a flat graded track.</p> <p>Recorded – AASC 2004</p>	<p>Block 6 District Majura</p>	<p>Artefact scatter of MCV and PAD: 1 2 3 4b 4d 5 6a 6b 7 8 9 10 11</p>
<p>MP AS2 An open scatter with at least seven stone artefacts located on a gently sloping dirt track.</p> <p>Recorded – AASC 2004</p>	<p>Block 6 District Majura</p>	<p>Artefact scatter of LCV: 1 2 3 4a 5 6a 7 8 9</p>
<p>MT PAD1 A potential archaeological deposit located on top of Mt. Taylor.</p> <p>Recorded – AASC 2004</p>	<p>Block 1552 District Tuggeranong</p>	<p>PAD: 1 2 3 4d 5 6a 6b 7 8 9 10 11</p>
<p>BMF 1 A low density artefact scatter with at least seven stone artefacts located on a 4WD track.</p> <p>Recorded – Navin Officer 2003</p>	<p>Block 861 District Canberra Central</p>	<p>Artefact scatter of MCV: 1 2 3 4b 5 6a 7 8 9 10 11</p>

<p>BMF 2 A low density artefact scatter of at least six stone artefacts and a potential archaeological deposit located on a 4WD track.</p> <p>Recorded – Navin Officer 2003</p>	<p>Block 861 District Canberra Central</p>	<p>Artefact scatter of MCV and PAD: 1 2 3 4b 4d 5 6a 6b 7 8 9 10 11</p>
<p>BMF 3 An artefact scatter of at least seven artefacts located on a track surface following the overhead powerlines.</p> <p>Recorded – Navin Officer 2003</p>	<p>Block 861 District Canberra Central</p>	<p>Artefact scatter of MCV: 1 2 3 4b 5 6a 7 8 9 10 11</p>
<p>BMF 4 A low density scatter of at least two stone artefacts located on the top of the slope of a spur crest.</p> <p>Recorded – Navin Officer 2003</p>	<p>Block 861 District Canberra Central</p>	<p>Artefact scatter of LCV: 1 2 3 4a 5 6a 7 8 9</p>

<p>BMF 5 An artefact scatter with at least fifteen stone artefacts and a potential archaeological deposit located on a low wide spur.</p> <p>Recorded – Navin Officer 2003</p>	<p>Block 861 District Canberra Central</p>	<p>Artefact scatter of MCV and PAD: 1 2 3 4b 4d 5 6a 6b 7 8 9 10 11</p>
<p>BMF 6 A low density scatter with at least twenty stone artefacts located on the mid to basal slopes of a spur.</p> <p>Recorded – Navin Officer 2003</p>	<p>Block 861 District Canberra Central</p>	<p>Artefact scatter of MCV: 1 2 3 4b 5 6a 7 8 9 10 11</p>
<p>BMF 7 A low density scatter with at least four stone artefacts and a potential archaeological deposit located on a track on a low gradient slope.</p> <p>Recorded – Navin Officer 2003</p>	<p>Block 861 District Canberra Central</p>	<p>Artefact scatter of LCV and PAD: 1 2 3 4a 4d 5 6a 6b 7 8 9</p>
<p>BMF 8 An open scatter with at least eight stone artefacts located along a track at the base of a spur slope.</p> <p>Recorded – Navin Officer 2003</p>	<p>Block 861 District Canberra Central</p>	<p>Artefact scatter of LCV: 1 2 3 4a 5 6a 7 8 9</p>

<p>BMF 9 An isolated stone artefact located on a track up slope from the substation.</p> <p>Recorded – Navin Officer 2003</p>	<p>Block 861 District Canberra Central</p>	<p>Artefact scatter of LCV: 1 2 3 4a 5 6a 7 8 9</p>
<p>BMF 10 An open scatter of at least two stone artefacts located on a track on a gentle slope.</p> <p>Recorded – Navin Officer 2003</p>	<p>Block 861 District Canberra Central</p>	<p>Artefact scatter of LCV: 1 2 3 4a 5 6a 7 8 9</p>
<p>BMF 11 An open scatter of at least two stone artefacts located on a track.</p> <p>Recorded – Navin Officer 2003</p>	<p>Block 861 District Canberra Central</p>	<p>Artefact scatter of LCV: 1 2 3 4a 5 6a 7 8 9</p>
<p>ORF 1 An open scatter of at least two stone artefacts located on a dirt track at the intersection of several fire trails.</p> <p>Recorded – Navin Officer 2003</p>	<p>Block 7 District Belconnen</p>	<p>Artefact scatter of LCV: 1 2 3 4a 5 6a 7 8 9</p>
<p>ORF 2 A small, low density scatter of at least five stone artefacts located on a gently sloping terrace/valley basal slope.</p> <p>Recorded – Navin Officer 2003</p>	<p>Block 97 District Canberra Central</p>	<p>Artefact scatter of LCV: 1 2 3 4a 5 6a 7 8 9</p>

<p>ORF 3 An open scatter of at least two stone artefacts located on a graded dirt track.</p> <p>Recorded – Navin Officer 2003</p>	<p>Block 2 District Canberra Central</p>	<p>Artefact scatter of LCV: 1 2 3 4a 5 6a 7 8 9</p>
<p>BRF 1 An open scatter of at least five stone artefacts and a potential archaeological deposit located on a fire trail.</p> <p>Recorded – Navin Officer 2003</p>	<p>Block 1 District Canberra Central</p>	<p>Artefact scatter of MCV and PAD: 1 2 3 4b 4d 5 6a 6b 7 8 9 10 11</p>
<p>BRF 2 A low density scatter with at least six stone artefacts located on a ridge top.</p> <p>Recorded – Navin Officer 2003</p>	<p>Block 1 District Canberra Central</p>	<p>Artefact scatter of LCV: 1 2 3 4a 5 6a 7 8 9</p>
<p>ABF 1 An isolated stone artefact and potential archaeological deposit located on a low gradient spur overlooking a creek line and adjacent alluvial flats.</p> <p>Recorded – Navin Officer 2003</p>	<p>Block 1552 District Belconnen</p>	<p>Artefact scatter of LCV and PAD: 1 2 3 4a 4d 5 6a 6b 7 8 9</p>

<p>ABF 2 An open scatter of more than fifteen stone artefacts and a potential archaeological deposit located along a fire trail.</p> <p>Recorded – Navin Officer 2003</p>	<p>Block 1551 District Belconnen</p>	<p>Artefact scatter of MCV and PAD: 1 2 3 4b 4d 5 6a 6b 7 8 9 10 11</p>
<p>ABF 3 An open scatter of at least two stone artefacts and a potential archaeological deposit located on a small terrace south of a drainage line.</p> <p>Recorded – Navin Officer 2003</p>	<p>Block 1403 District Belconnen</p>	<p>Artefact scatter of LCV and PAD: 1 2 3 4a 4d 5 6a 6b 7 8 9</p>
<p>ABF 4 A small scatter of at least three stone artefacts located on a graded fire trail.</p> <p>Recorded – Navin Officer 2003</p>	<p>Block 1404 District Belconnen</p>	<p>Artefact scatter of LCV: 1 2 3 4a 5 6a 7 8 9</p>
<p>RRF 1 A small artefact scatter of six stone artefacts and potential archaeological deposit located on a graded fire trail near the southern boundary of the North Rob Roy Nature Park.</p> <p>Recorded – Navin Officer 2003</p>	<p>Block 1539 District Tuggeranong</p>	<p>Artefact scatter of LCV and PAD: 1 2 3 4a 4d 5 6a 6b 7 8 9</p>

<p>RRF 2 A large artefact scatter with at least 100 stone artefacts and potential archaeological deposit located along a ridge/spur line to an adjacent creek flat.</p> <p>Recorded – Navin Officer 2003</p>	<p>Block1603 District Tuggeranong</p>	<p>Artefact scatter of MCV and PAD:</p> <p>1 2 3 4b 4d 5 6a 6b 7 8 9 10 11</p>
<p>RRF 3 An isolated stone artefact and potential archaeological deposit located adjacent to a spear drain on the trail's eastern side.</p> <p>Recorded – Navin Officer 2003</p>	<p>Block 1603 District Tuggeranong</p>	<p>Artefact scatter of LCV:</p> <p>1 2 3 4a 4d 5 6a 6b 7 8 9</p>
<p>RRF 4 A low density scatter with at least eight stone artefacts and potential archaeological deposit located on a low gradient ridge top.</p> <p>Recorded – Navin Officer 2003</p>	<p>Block 22 District Tuggeranong</p>	<p>Artefact scatter and PAD of LCV:</p> <p>1 2 3 4a 4d 5 6a 6b 7 8 9</p>

<p>RRF 5 An open scatter with at least ten stone artefacts and potential archaeological deposit located on a graded fire trail.</p> <p>Recorded – Navin Officer 2003</p>	<p>Block 1547 District Tuggeranong</p>	<p>Artefact scatter of MCV and PAD: 1 2 3 4b 4d 5 6a 6b 7 8 9 10 11</p>
<p>RRF 6 A low density scatter with at least five stone artefacts an potential archaeological deposit located on a fire trail on a spur shoulder overlooking a creek gully.</p> <p>Recorded – Navin Officer 2003</p>	<p>Block 1547 District Tuggeranong</p>	<p>Artefact scatter of LCV and PAD: 1 2 3 4a 4d 5 6a 6b 7 8 9</p>
<p>RRF 7 A small artefact scatter of at least four stone artefacts and potential archaeological deposit located on a graded fire trail.</p> <p>Recorded – Navin Officer 2003</p>	<p>Block 1537 District Tuggeranong</p>	<p>Artefact scatter of LCV and PAD: 1 2 3 4a 4d 5 6a 6b 7 8 9</p>
<p>RRF 8 An isolated stone artefact located on a saddle on the main Rob Roy ridgeline.</p> <p>Recorded – Navin Officer 2003</p>	<p>Block 1539 District Tuggeranong</p>	<p>Artefact scatter of LCV: 1 2 3 4a 5 6a 7 8 9</p>

<p>RRF 9 A small artefact scatter of at least seven stone artefacts and potential archaeological deposit located on the fire trail at the intersection of two trails</p> <p>Recorded – Navin Officer 2003</p>	<p>Block 1416 District Tuggeranong</p>	<p>Artefact scatter of LCV and PAD: 1 2 3 4a 4d 5 6a 6b 7 8 9</p>
<p>RRF 10 A large artefact scatter with at least fifty stone artefacts with potential archaeological deposit located along the surface and upper side of a broad spur leading down to a creek line.</p> <p>Recorded – Navin Officer 2003</p>	<p>Block 1416 District Tuggeranong</p>	<p>Artefact scatter of MCV and PAD: 1 2 3 4b 4d 5 6a 6b 7 8 9 10 11</p>
<p>RRF 11 A low density artefact scatter with at least five stone artefacts and potential archaeological deposit located on a level shoulder on the main Rob Roy ridgeline.</p> <p>Recorded – Navin Officer 2003</p>	<p>Block 1603 District Tuggeranong</p>	<p>Artefact scatter of LCV and PAD: 1 2 3 4a 4d 5 6a 6b 7 8 9</p>

<p>RRF 12 A low density artefact scatter of at least five stone artefacts and potential archaeological deposit located on the major ridgeline at a point where a spur connects.</p> <p>Recorded – Navin Officer 2003</p>	<p>Block 1603 District Tuggeranong</p>	<p>Artefact scatter of LCV and PAD: 1 2 3 4a 4d 5 6a 6b 7 8 9</p>
<p>RRF 13 An artefact scatter of at least two stone artefacts and potential archaeological deposit located on a shoulder feature on the main ridgeline.</p> <p>Recorded – Navin Officer 2003</p>	<p>Block 1603 District Tuggeranong</p>	<p>Artefact scatter of LCV and PAD: 1 2 3 4a 4d 5 6a 6b 7 8 9</p>
<p>RRF 14 An artefact scatter of at least twenty stone artefacts and potential archaeological deposit located on the western edge of Rob Roy Nature Park and extending into private land.</p> <p>Recorded – Navin Officer 2003</p>	<p>Block 1539 District Tuggeranong</p>	<p>Artefact scatter of MCV and PAD: 1 2 3 4b 4d 5 6a 6b 7 8 9 10 11</p>

<p>RRF 15 An artefact scatter of at least twenty stone artefacts and potential archaeological deposit located on a fire trail.</p> <p>Recorded – Navin Officer 2003</p>	<p>Block 1537 District Tuggeranong</p>	<p>Artefact scatter of MCV and PAD: 1 2 3 4b 4d 5 6a 6b 7 8 9 10 11</p>
<p>RRF 16 An artefact scatter of at least seven stone artefacts and potential archaeological deposit located on the fire trail.</p> <p>Recorded – Navin Officer 2003</p>	<p>Block 1651 District Tuggeranong</p>	<p>Artefact scatter of LCV and PAD: 1 2 3 4a 4d 5 6a 6b 7 8 9</p>
<p>RRF 17 An artefact scatter of at least forty stone artefacts and potential archaeological deposit located in a deep saddle on a ridgeline.</p> <p>Recorded – Navin Officer 2003</p>	<p>Block 1651 District Tuggeranong</p>	<p>Artefact scatter of MCV and PAD: 1 2 3 4b 4d 5 6a 6b 7 8 9 10 11</p>

<p>RRF 18 A low density artefact scatter of at least four stone artefacts and potential archaeological deposit located along the fire trail on a broad ridge crest with a gently sloping background.</p> <p>Recorded – Navin Officer 2003</p>	<p>Block 1651 District Tuggeranong</p>	<p>Artefact scatter of LCV and PAD: 1 2 3 4a 4d 5 6a 6b 7 8 9</p>
<p>RRF 19 An artefact scatter of at least ten stone artefacts located along the fire trail east of an intersection.</p> <p>Recorded – Navin Officer 2003</p>	<p>Block 1651 District Tuggeranong</p>	<p>Artefact scatter of LCV: 1 2 3 4a 5 6a 7 8 9</p>
<p>RRF 20 An artefact scatter of at least two hundred stone artefacts and potential archaeological deposit located along the fire trail.</p> <p>Recorded – Navin Officer 2003</p>	<p>Block 1651 District Tuggeranong</p>	<p>Artefact scatter of HCV and PAD: 1 2 3 4c 4d 5 6a 6b 7 8 9 10 11 12</p>
<p>RRF 21 An isolated stone artefact located on a graded fire trail.</p> <p>Recorded – Navin Officer 2003</p>	<p>Block 1547 District Tuggeranong</p>	<p>Artefact scatter of LCV: 1 2 3 4a 5 6a 7 8 9</p>

<p>RRF 22 An artefact scatter of at least two stone artefacts and potential archaeological deposit located on a graded fire trail.</p> <p>Recorded – Navin Officer 2003</p>	<p>Block 1547 District Tuggeranong</p>	<p>Artefact scatter of LCV and PAD: 1 2 3 4a 4d 5 6a 6b 7 8 9</p>
<p>RRF 23 An artefact scatter of at least ten stone artefacts located on a graded fire trail running along a small spur paralleling a creek line.</p> <p>Recorded – Navin Officer 2003</p>	<p>Block 1547 District Tuggeranong</p>	<p>Artefact scatter of LCV: 1 2 3 4a 5 6a 7 8 9</p>
<p>RRF 24 A low density artefact scatter of at least three stone artefacts and potential archaeological deposit located on a fire trail passing through a saddle feature.</p> <p>Recorded – Navin Officer 2003</p>	<p>Block 1635 District Tuggeranong</p>	<p>Artefact scatter of LCV and PAD: 1 2 3 4a 4d 5 6a 6b 7 8 9</p>
<p>RRF 25 A low density artefact scatter of at least ten stone artefacts and potential archaeological deposit located on a fire trail passing through a shallow saddle.</p> <p>Recorded – Navin Officer 2003</p>	<p>Block 1635 District Tuggeranong</p>	<p>Artefact scatter of LCV and PAD: 1 2 3 4a 4d 5 6a 6b 7 8 9</p>

<p>RRF 26 An artefact scatter with at least thirty stone artefacts located along a fire trail.</p> <p>Recorded – Navin Officer 2003</p>	<p>Block 1634 District Tuggeranong</p>	<p>Artefact scatter of MCV:</p> <p>1 2 3 4b 5 6a 7 8 9 10 11</p>
<p>RRF 27 A small low density artefact scatter of at least three stone artefacts and potential archaeological deposit located along a fire trail.</p> <p>Recorded – Navin Officer 2003</p>	<p>Block 1634 District Tuggeranong</p>	<p>Artefact scatter of LCV and PAD:</p> <p>1 2 3 4a 4d 5 6a 6b 7 8 9</p>
<p>RRF 28 An artefact scatter of at least ten stone artefacts and potential archaeological deposit located a fire trail on a ridge/spur crest.</p> <p>Recorded – Navin Officer 2003</p>	<p>Block 683 District Tuggeranong</p>	<p>Artefact scatter of LCV and PAD:</p> <p>1 2 3 4a 4d 5 6a 6b 7 8 9</p>

BACKGROUND INFORMATION

1. DESCRIPTION OF PLACES

The places comprise 72 Aboriginal sites located within the Districts of Belconnen, Canberra Central, Gungahlin, Majura and Tuggeranong, ACT. The sites are scatters of stone artefacts (n=21), scatters of stone artefacts with associated potential archaeological deposits (n=31), isolated stone artefacts (n=18) and potential archaeological deposits (n=2).

2. STATUS OF PLACES AT NOMINATION DATE:

The places are not previously recorded or entered into any ACT or Commonwealth Register.

3. BACKGROUND

A regional understanding of the variability, condition and conservation status of Aboriginal sites throughout the Territory is essential for the sound assessment of site significance and development of appropriate conservation strategies for Aboriginal heritage places and cultural landscapes. 'Site' is the common term for the locations where material remains relating to past Aboriginal occupation are in evidence, whereas the legislation refers to 'places'. These two terms are used interchangeably in this document.

These places were recorded along fire trails in Canberra Nature Park, which are due to be graded as part of ongoing routine maintenance of the regional strategic fire access network, as a result of the following cultural heritage surveys:

- Navin Officer Heritage Consultants – Black Mountain, O'Connor Ridge, Bruce Ridge, Aranda Bushland, Rob Roy and Gungahlin Hill nature parks
- Archaeological Heritage Surveys – Cooleman Ridge, Farrer Ridge, Tuggeranong Hill, Mt. Ainslie and Mulligans Flat nature parks
- Australian Archaeological Survey Consultants – Gossan Hill, Isaacs Ridge, McQuoids Hill, Mount Majura, Mount Mugga Mugga, Mount Painter, Mt. Pleasant, Mount Taylor, Oakey Hills, Red Hill, Urambi Hills, Wanniasa Hills and The Pinnacle nature parks.

Unregistered Aboriginal sites are legally protected from disturbance, however the poor state of knowledge regarding their nature and location, and difficulties with their recognition and detection has undoubtedly already resulted in inadvertent disturbance to and destruction of a proportion of the record. The remaining sites, for the most part, are considered to be under potential threat due to future development pressure, with the exception of registered places and sites located in the small proportion of land in the Territory that is unsuitable for development.

4. CONSULTATION WITH STAKEHOLDERS

The three Aboriginal organisations defined as relevant regarding consultation on heritage matters according to the *Land (Planning and Environment) Act, 1991*, are strongly supportive of actions that increase awareness and protection of Aboriginal cultural heritage places.

Representatives of the three relevant Aboriginal organisations were invited to participate in the surveys and to provide comments on the significance of any Aboriginal heritage places discovered during the surveys. During the registration process the three relevant Aboriginal organisations have also had the opportunity to provide additional comments on the Aboriginal significance of these places and their management.

Copies of the draft register entry have also been circulated to other stakeholders, including the land owners/managers of the affected areas and parties that originally reported the sites.

5. ANALYSIS AGAINST THE CRITERIA SPECIFIED IN SCHEDULE 2 OF THE LAND (PLANNING AND ENVIRONMENT) ACT 1991:

Criterion (i): A place which demonstrates a high degree of technical and/or creative achievement, by showing qualities of innovation or departure or representing a new achievement of its time.

Not applicable

Criterion (ii): A place which exhibits outstanding design or aesthetic qualities valued by the community or a cultural group.

Not applicable

Criterion (iii): A place which demonstrates a distinctive way of life, taste, tradition, religion, land use, custom, process, design or function which is no longer practised, is in danger of being lost, or is of exceptional interest.

The sites are all the product of past Aboriginal land-use and demonstrate varied aspects of a traditional way of life no longer practised in the ACT. The artefact scatters present in these localities demonstrate occupation and use of land by Aboriginal people, in the past.

Criterion (iv): A place which is highly valued by the community or a cultural group for reasons of strong or special religious, spiritual cultural, educational or social associations.

The places are all of significance to the Aboriginal community due to their association with traditional Aboriginal culture and their ability to demonstrate the comprehensive occupation of the ACT by their ancestors.

Criterion (v): A place which is the only known or only comparatively intact example of its type.

Not applicable

Criterion (vi): A place which is a notable example of a class of natural or cultural places or landscapes and which demonstrates the principal characteristics of that class.

Not applicable

Criterion (vii): A place which has strong or special associations with a person, group, event, development or cultural phase which played a significant part in local or national history.

These places have been identified as significant by the ACT Aboriginal community. They provide physical evidence of the past occupation and use of the areas in the Belconnen, Coree, Gungahlin and Stromlo Districts by Aboriginal people.

Criterion (viii): A place which represents the evolution of a natural landscape, including significant geological features, landforms, biota or natural processes.

Not applicable

Criterion (ix): A place which is a significant habitat or locality for the life cycle of native species; for rare, endangered or uncommon species; for species at the limits of their natural range; or for distinct occurrences of species.

Not applicable

Criterion (x): **A place which exhibits unusual richness, diversity or significant transitions of flora, fauna or natural landscapes and their elements.**

Not applicable

Criterion (xi): **A place which demonstrates a likelihood of providing information which will contribute significantly to a wider understanding of natural or cultural history, by virtue of its use as a research site, teaching site, type locality or benchmark**

These sites comprise part of a related body of evidence with potential to provide information about local and regional patterns of past Aboriginal land-use practices and settlement patterns. Some of the sites have potential to contain information that, via research, could provide information about past Aboriginal occupation of the locality and region.

6. REFERENCES

AASC. 2004. Investigations of Aboriginal Heritage Places Along Fire Trails in Canberra Nature Parks. Unpublished report to the ACT Heritage Unit.

Navin Officer. 2003. Investigations of Aboriginal Heritage Places along Fire Trails in Canberra Nature Parks. Unpublished report to the ACT Heritage Unit.

Saunders P. 2004. Investigation of Aboriginal Heritage Places along Fire Trails in Canberra Nature Parks: Coleman Ridge, Farrer Fidge, Tuggeranong Hill, Mt Ainslie and Mulligans Flat Nature Reserve. Unpublished report to the Parks and Conservation Service and Heritage Unit of Environment ACT.